## A SCHOOL BOARD'S AFFAIRS

The Boundaries of the Four Districts in Which an Election Is to Be Held.

Voting Places and the Candidates, with a Little About a Spirited Contest in the Eighth -Condition of the School Fund.

The polls in the four districts in which school commissioners are to be chosen today will open at 8 and close at 4 o'clock. All the inspectors qualified yesterday, except J. H. Vajen, of the Third district, who is out of the city. The other members of the election board in that district will have to elect a man in his place when they meet this morning. The districts in which an election will be held are the Third, Fourth, Seventh and Eighth. Their boundaries are as follows:

Third District-Begins at the intersection of Pennsylvania and Washington streets and runs thence north by the center of Pennsylvania street to Vermont street; thence west by the center of Vermont street to Meridian street; thence north by the center of Meridian street to Walnut street; thence west by the center of Walnut street to Lafayette railroad track; thence south by the line of said track- to Ohio street; thence east by the center of Ohio street to Tennessee street; thence south by the center of Tennessee street; nessee street; thence south by the center of Ten-nessee street to Washington street; thence east by the center of Washington street to Pennsyl-vania street, to the place of beginning. Fourth District—Begins at the intersection of Washington and Tennessee streets, and runs

thence north by the center of Tennessee street to Ohio street; thence west by the center of Ohio street to the Lafayette railroad track; thence north on the line of the Lafayette railroad track to First street; thence west by the center of First street and the donation line to the west corporation line; thence south by the corporation line to White river; thence eastwardly by White river and the center of Washington street to Tennes-

see street, to the place of beginning.

Seventh District—Begins at a point where the Union railway tracks cross Alabama street; thence northeast on the line of said tracks to Washington street; thence cast by the center of Washington street and the National road to the east corporation line; thence south on the east corporation line to a line running west that will strike the center of Fletcher street; thence west by the center of Fletcher street to the intersection of Fletcher venue and Dillon street; thence northwest the center of Fletcher avenue to South street; thence west by the center of South street to East street; thence north by the center of East street to Louisiana street; thence west by the center of Louisiana street to Alabama street; thence north by the center of Alabama street to the Union

railway tracks, to the place of beginning.

Eighth District—Begins at the intersection of Alabama and Louisiana streets and runs thence east by the center of Louisiana street to East street; thence south by the center of East street to South street; thence east by the center of South street to Fletcher avenue; thence southeast by the center of Fletcher avenue to its intersection with Dillon street; thence east by the center of Fletcher street, or the continuation of Fletcher avenue, and a continuous line to Reid street; thence south on Reid street and the east corporation line to the south cor-poration line, to a line running north that will strike Franklin street; thence north by the center of Franklin street to Yeiser street; thence west by the center of Yeiser street to the alley between Wallace and Franklin streets; thence north by the center of the alleys between Wallace and Franklin streets and on the west of Vajen's addition to Coburn street; thence west by the center of Coburn street to High street; thence north by the center street to High street; thence north by the center of High street to McCarty street; thence west by the center of McCarty street to Alabama street; thence north by the center of Alabama street to Louisiana street, to the place of beginning.

The voting places are as follows: Third District—School building No. 3, on Meridian street, between Ohio and New York.

Fourth District—School building No. 4, corner Michigan and Blackford streets. Seventh District—School building No. 7, corner Bates and Benton streets. Eighth District-High-school No. 2, Virginia

The contest in the Eighth district is at tracting more attention than any of the others. The candidates, E. L. Williams, the present member, and Dr. Joseph W. Marsee, are both Republicans, and well qualified for the position. Mr. Williams has always opposed the teaching of German in the public schools, and for that reason he has incurred the displeasure of John Frenzel, who is using his influence to defeat him. Mr. Williams also defeated Mr. Frenzel for treasurer of the board, which is supposed to make the gentleman from the First district anxious to have his successful competitor's place filled by another.

Dr. F. S. Newcomer has no opposition in the Third district. The other candidates are A. R. Baker and Anderson Lewis in the Fourth, and Frederick Kline and John A. Buddenbaum in the Seventh district.

The Commissioners' Meeting.

At the meeting of the School Commissioners, last night, the report of the secretary showed warrants drawn on the treasurer for the month of May as follows: Special fund, \$4,504.14; on library fund, \$1,317.55; tuition fund, \$14,880.30; total, \$20,791.99. The treasurer's report, for the same month, showed a balance in special fund, June 1, of \$197,139,79, and a balance in the Gregg income fund of \$58. The library fund was overdrawn \$5,917.75, and the tuition fund, \$166,479.57; total overdraft, \$172,397.32; balance in treasury, \$24,800.47.

Superintendent Jones recommended that the following-named persons be granted the diploma of the normal school: Jessie Alien, May Baxter, Lydia R. Blaich, Anna Boller, Carrie Boyles, Sadie Cass, May Con-ner, Prudence Cook, Cordelia Fry, Susan Griggs, Belle Goodhart, Emma Goepper, Frieda Metzner, Jessie Gosney, Hattie Haskell, Edith Hatten, Nellie Ingersoll, Alice Mendenhall, Selma Neubacher, Bertha Riker, Monta Singer. The request was Permission was granted to teachers in

the schools to receive contributions from scholars for Johnstown sufferers. T. J. Morse was awarded the contract to erect a two-room frame school building on the ground recently purchased for school purposes west of the I., B. & W. railroad, near Washington street, for \$1.537, that being the lowest bid for the work. The committee on buildings and grounds reported favoring the erection of a new building in the southern part of the Sixth district, but that it be not done until next spring. Concurred in.

The committee on appointment of teachers and salaries recommended that the unexpended appropriation for supervision for the year 1888-89, being \$950, occasioned by the absence from the city during the year of Miss Washburn, be paid in equal shares to the six supervising principals, Misses Hamilton, Mary Colgan, Henrietta Colgan, Schrake, Donnan and Mr. Bass, they having performed all the work designed for the seven appointed at the beginning of the year. The report was adopted. The board adjourned to meet on next Thursday night to hear the report of the committee on appointment of teachers.

# CULLINGS FROM THE COURTS.

Life Prisoners Who Have Property Under the Will of Their Mother.

The will of Mary J. Kennedy, who died at her home on Indiana avenue June 4, was probated yesterday. By its provisions all the property is to be divided equally among her sons, William and John Kennedy, and her daughter, Margaret Stewart. The will was written several years ago, and since that time the two sons have been sent to the penitentiary and the daughter named has died. Both sons, strange as it may seem, are serving life sentences. William was sent to Jeffersonville for burglary, and in an attempt to escape killed a guard named Chamberlain, for which he was sentenced for life. John shot and killed Clarence McCue, and is in the Michigan City prison. A daughter of Margaret Stewart, Nettie Galloway, is living, and she will likely get the use of the property. The will of ex-Police Superintendent Michael O'Donnell was also probated. It leaves his property, personal and real, to his brother, Jeremiah O'Donnell, to be held in trust for an infant daughter of

Another Term in Prison. Alonzo Barrett, arrested at Terre Hante for passing counterfeit money, was arraigned yesterday on an indictment before Judge Woods, of the United States Court, and sentenced to the northern prison for five years. Barrett pleaded guilty, as he no doubt thought an effort at defense would recall his record as a crook and thus cause his receiving a longer sentence. He was

following Forepaugh's show, and when it reached Terre Haute Captain Murphy, of the police of that city, had enough information concerning Barrett to justify him in keeping a close eye on the crook. But Barrett remained in the city after the circus had gone and passed several ten-dollar-counterfeit greenbacks. Captain Murphy arrested him, and then sent word to Major Carter, of the government secret service, in this city. The Major went to Terre Haute after the prisoner, and identified him as an all-around crook and desperado. Barrett completed a term recently in the southern prison. He shot a policeman in St. Louis some years ago. When arrested he had \$100 in counterfeit greenbacks in his pocket. tion concerning Barrett to justify him

Motion Overruled. Judge Howland yesterday overruled th

motion of Alexander Klepfer and others for a new trial. Klepfer was granted a li cense by the County Commissioners to sel liquor at Oakland on. The citizens remon strating appealed to the Circuit Court, and there the case was decided in their favor, much to the joy of Oaklandon citizens. preme Court.

The Suit Against Gorby. As Professor Gorby, the Democratic chief of the Geological Department, has indirectly expressed a preference to have Professor Collett sue him for possession of office in the Dearborn Circuit Court, the Attorney general yesterday sent a petition for a man-damus to that court, The summons is made

A Pool-Seller Fined. The Mayor, who has had the case against Herb Green, charged with selling pools on base-ball, under advisement for several days, yesterday found the accused guilty and fined him \$25. Charles Hultz, who did the scoring for Green, was fined \$5. The case will be appealed to the higher courts.

Meeting of the Bar. The Indianapolis Bar Association wil meet at the law library room, at 2 o'clock this afternoon, to determine whether it will join the National Bar Association, and so, to select delegates to the next annual meeting of that organization.

Notes from the Docket. Elizabeth Black, charged with malicious trespass, was acquitted in the Criminal Court yesterday.

Samuel M. Ruffner, of Elkhart, accused of violating the postal laws, was yesterday released on \$1,000 bond. The election cases in which citizens of Warrick county appear as defendants have been transferred to the United States Court

Robert Hunter, of Chicago, who violated the revenue law by selling liquor without a license at Cedar Lake, Lake county, was

fined \$50 by Judge Woods yesterday. The appeal to the Supreme Court of the case in which the removal of George W. Budd as guardian of Mina Worth was asked was dismissed yesterday. Budd the Jumbo mine, the largest in the county, abandoned the appeal by failing to file a closed its shaft. The miners insisted that

The Court Record.

SUPREME COURT DECISIONS. 13307. Lorenzo D. White vs. Joel W. Kellogg et al. Elkhart C. C. Reversed. Berkshire, J.-Where a licensed teacher was employed by a school trustee to teach, and after four months a resolution was passed at a school, meeting, for a vacation of two weeks, to which the teacher objected and the parents of a majority of the regular pupils by petition requested that the school continue, which petition the trustee refused was then proposed by the miners to submit the differences to a committee of five—two of whom were to be selected by the miners, to recognize, and upon the opening of the school with a majority of the pupils present on the morning designated as the vacation, the trustee, aided by another person, by force gained admission to the school-house and seized the teacher and with vioence threw him upon the floor and dragged him out of the house, to his injury, etc., such trustee and the party so assisting him are liable for damages for assault and bat-

13649. John W. Hanna et al. vs. T. H. & I. Railroad Company. Montgomery C. C. Affirmed. Mitchell, J.—The owner of animals running at large under an order of a Board of County Commissioners may not | not earning money. Of the 9,000, 5,052 be liable as a wrong-doer for injuries done by them while on the public highway, but he may not abandon them to the hazard of being injured on a railroad crossing by permitting them to run at large in the vicinity course, worse than others, but nearly all mitting them to run at large in the vicinity of the crossing or other place where the road cannot be fenced, and yet recover for the injury by such animals getting on the track, even though the company may also have been negligent at the time the injury was suffered.

13420. Wm. H. Cooper vs. James E. Smith. Shelby C. C. Affirmed. Elliott, C. J.—An answer in confession and avoidance need not confess the cause of action precisely as it is alleged; if it confesses a prima facie cause of action it is sufficient. 2. Where a complaint alleges that the defendant collected some pension money for the plaintiff, and instead of returning the amount collected, deposited it in a certain bank in his | committee, sent here from Brazil, said that own name and to his own credit; that the | during 1888 and 1889 the miners had not bank is now totally insolvent, and an answer thereto is filed, admitting the collec- | week. But few of them could make more tion of the money and the deposit, but than \$1.45 per day under the old scale of prices. The demand for the coal, he said, was good; that the defendant acted in good had not been great enough, and there were faith; that the plaintiff accepted the certificate of deposit with full knowledge of the facts, and that the services were rendered without compensation, such answer

Wabash Printing and Publishing Company vs. Henry Crumrine. Grant C. C. Affirmed. Olds, J.—Where a defendant in libel suit is liable to a criminal prosecuion exemplary damages cannot be assessed Evidence as to the motives of the defendant in such case is immaterial.

14788. George W. Budd, guardian, vs.
Minnie Davis. Marion C. C. Dismissed. 13727. Henry A. Buck vs. Wm. M. Scott. Benton C. C. Dismissed.

13819. Same parties. Dismissed. SUPERIOR COURT. Room 1-Hon, Napoleon B. Taylor, Judge. William B. Walls vs. C. D. Long et al.; from Graydon, J. P. On trial by court.

T. E. Bennett vs. The Citizens' Streetrailroad Company et al. Dismissed as to the street-railroad company. Jennie Baker vs. Citizens' Street-railroad Company; damages. Dismissed as to street-railroad company.

Adlaskia Johnson vs. Henry W. Johnson; divorce. Decree granted on proof that defendant had been convicted of felony.

Room 2-Hon. D. W. Howe, Judge. Artemus Hadley vs. The Broad Ripple Natural-gas Company; suit for salary and commission. On trial by jury. Room 3-Hon. Lewis C. Walker, Judge.

John C. Cosly vs. Mattie Cosly; divorce. Decree granted plaintiff. Marcus H. Shyer et al. vs. Charles Orine; account. Dismissed and costs paid. Massachusetts-avenue Savings and Loan Association vs. Sarah E. Kersey et al.; foreclosure. Judgment for plaintiff for \$876.87.
William McGinnis vs. George B. Walker
et al.; foreclosure. Judgment for plaintiff Sarah J. Johnson vs. David Johnson. Divorce granted plaintiff with custody of Martha M. Kellar vs. John J. Kellar. Di-

vorce granted plaintiff. New Suits Filed. Caroline Valz vs. Charles Valz; complaint for divorce. Allegation, cruel treatment. Dora L. Patterson vs. Harry J. Patterson; complaint for divorce. Allegation, aban-donment and failure to provide. Hiram P. Wasson vs. Ada M. Cavey; complaint for possession of personal prop-

Paul Pfafflin vs. Elizabeth Pfafflin; complaint for divorce. Allegation, abandon-Lewis S. Darnell vs. Esther Lewis et al.; suit to quiet title.

CRIMINAL COURT. Hon, William Irvin, Judge. State vs. Elizabeth Black; trespass. Trial by court. Found not guilty. CIRCUIT COURT.

Hon. Livingston Howland, Judge. James M. Pruitt vs. James Nunn; to set aside real estate conveyance. Jury answers interrogatories. In the matter of the petition of Alexander and Ammon Klepfer for license to sell liqnor; motion for a new trial overruled.

CELLULOID artificial eyes at \$3. Edmondson, optician. 10,000 to select from. ARTIFICIAL eyes carefully selected by Ed-

mondson, optician, for \$2.50.

A PLEA FOR THE STRIKERS

The Pressing Needs of Destitute Miners in the Clay County Coal Regions.

Senator Byrd Gives an Account of the Differences Between Employers and Employes That Has Caused Much Distress.

Owing, perhaps, to the fact that the public mind is turned toward the suffering survivors of the flood in the Conemangh valley, not more than twenty-five persons were present at the meeting called in the Criminal Court room, last night, for the purpose of raising funds to relieve the striking miners in the block-coal region of Clay county. Rev. Oscar C. McCulloch took charge of the meeting and stated that under the circumstances Following the overruling of the motion for it would seem best to defer any action until a new trial. Klepfer appealed to the Suthe Johnstown disaster had ceased, in a measure, to engross the public mind. He suggested, however, that as Senator Byrd, of Clay county, was present, it would be well to have him speak regarding the trouble between the operators and the miners. The suggestion met the approval of the meeting, and the Senator gave the miners' side of the trouble. He said that, beginreturnable on the 20th of this month. Professor Gorby will be compelled to answer much earlier than he expected.

ning in 1885, the operators and miners, have, until this year, met at some convenient place and fixed a scale for mining biient place and fixed a scale for mining bi-tuminous and block coal in the district composed of western Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana and Illinois. The contract between them was always entered into for one year, beginning on May 1. The conference to fix the rate for this year, to begin May 1, 1889, was held in Indianapolis on the 8th day of last February. The prices fixed in 1885 were 65 cents per ton for bituminous and 80 cents for block coal. That rate, the Senator claimed, was adopted at a conference in which there was not a full representation of miners. Many of them thought there should be a greater difference between the price paid for bitu-minous and block coal, for the reason that the last-named was much more difficult to mine, being in thin veins. Another reason was that powder could be used in bituminous coal. The rate for 1888 was: For the first six months, 85 cents for block coal; the last six months, 90 cents. Bituminous coal was 15 cents less per ton.

At the Indianapolis conference, he continued, the operators stated that they could not pay more than 65 or 70 cents per ton for block coal. The miners insisted that the reduction was too great, and that more should be paid for mining block than bituminous coal. No agreewas reached, and the conference adjourned, to meet at Columbus on March 12. At Columbus the block and bituminous operators of Indiana withdrew without making any proposition, and the rate for Indiana was, con-sequently, not fixed. Afterward the block coal operators refused to pay more than 75 and 80 cents for the balance of 1888, and they had a contractfor a certain price until May 1, 1889, and the operators finally agreed to pay 90 cents for the balance of that year. At the close of the mining year a general suspension took place, the operators saying they could not afford to pay more than 70 and 75 cents. The miners then elected delegates to an arbitration meeting, but when it took place the operators still insisted that they could not afford to pay more than 75 cents. It the differences to a committee of five-two of whom were to be selected by the miners, two by the operators, and the fifth by the four. The operators rejected that proposi-tion, and then the miners voted to strike.

As to the condition of the men on strike Senator Byrd said it was very bad. The bituminous miners had adjusted the differences with their employers and gone to work at 65 and 75 cents. Since Jan. 1 the miners of Clay county had not averaged over \$4 per week. When they were at work they could not get work for more than two or three days in a week. There were 2,000 miners in the block coal region out of work, and, with their families and children, there were about 9,000 people needed assistance. Some actually needed bread, and rendering them assistance was a question of humanity. As to the profits made by the operators Senator Byrd knew but little. He said it cost but \$1 per ton to ship the coal to Chicago, where it was sold at retail at from \$3.50 to \$4 per ton. He did not know what the wholesale price was. When the miners could get work every day they could make from \$1.75 to \$2.50 per day. The great trouble seemed to be that there were too many miners for the work to be done.

At the close of the Senator's talk, Mr. Horstfield, chairman of the miners' soliciting an average more than 80 per too many men for the work that could be had. Under the scale proposed by the operators he thought the men could not over \$1.25 to \$1.45 per day for two or three days in th week. It cost the operators, he claimed, \$2.35 to put their coal in Chicago. He said the operators claimed that under the scale of 1888 they made only a profit of 8 2-3 cents on each ton of bituminous coal, and 92-3 cents on block coal, but he did not believe the statement. The Illinois operators were paying 95 cents per ton for mining. It was a year last October since any of the miners of Clay county had worked full time.

When Mr. Horstfield had concluded it was decided that a meeting so slimly attended could do nothing substantial in the way of affording relief. L. P. Custer stated that the Central Labor Union had a movement on foot to give an entertainment for the benefit of the men, and the idea was pronounced a good one. Mr. Mc-Culloch made a few remarks on the necessity of assisting the men and suggested that as soon as practicable another public meeting should be called, and committees appointed to canvass the city for funds. Upon motion of Congress-man Bynum Mr. McCulloch was made chairman of a committee to arrange another meeting. The other members of the committee appointed are Congressman Bynum, W. P. Fishback, L. P. Custer and Robert P. Porter. The miners' committee will remain in the city to assist in arranging for the next meeting, and will gladly receive contributions, which may be left at the office of the Labor Signal.

Simply a Police Regulation.

There is no small amount of discussion of the proposal to raise the saloon tax to \$250 a year. In a street-car conversation Judge Woods, of the federal court, expressed his opinion as a lawyer that the failure of the City Council and Board of Aldermen to pass the ordinance before the issuance of new licenses would not exempt saloonkeepers from paying the full amount if the ordinance should be subsequently passed. He says the saloon license is simply a police regulation, and the law contains no provision that those who took out licenses at \$100 shall be exempt from paying more during the time for which they were issued. Further, he says, if a prohibitory law should be passed saloon-keepers would have no rights under their licenses to continue selling intoxicating liquors, though the licenses had been issued only a day before the law went into effect. He said that if the pending ordinance should be passed, those who have already taken out licenses at \$100 would be required to pay at the rate of \$250 from the time of its going into effect, deducting only the amount that had been

A Brilliant Concert.

An audience flattering in the extreme, both in point of numbers and enthusiasm. greeted Miss Margaret Reid (Kackley), the gifted young songstress, last night, at Plymouth Church. The ovation which she received at the music festival was repeated, and the compliment was deserved. After two years of study in Paris, Miss Reid, in the songs which she has sung, has shown what careful study can do. Her voice is

clear and sweet, and remarkably even through its entire range. Her first song last night was Handel's "Largo," with a violin accompaniment by Mr. Spades, and the second was an air from "Traviata." They were exquisitely rendered. In response to enthusiastic recalls she sang "Annie Laurie" and "Kathleen Mayourneen," her sympathetic voice and sweet manner impressing the audience greatly. Mr. J. W. Riley, who had a place on the programme, was heartily received. A sketch, "A Story," new to the audience was given in Mr. Riley's inimitable manner, and the demonstration was uproarous. Owing to a tender throat he begged the indulgence of the audience for not responding. Miss Sadie Walker was never heard to better advantage. Her numbers were: "Call Me Back," by Denza, and the recall was "Were I a Little Bird." To all of the songs Mr. Ernestinoff played artistic accompaniments. The other numbers on one of the best concert programmes of the season were given by Mr. Hemstreet and Mr. Spades, the latter being accompanied by Mr. Bahr. Mr. Robert A. Newland, the organist, gave the opening and closing se lections, "Offertory in A flat," by Reed, and "Marche Triumphale," by Goria.

A Gift to a College. Mrs. O. A. Flanner, of this city, widow of Henry B. Flanner, has donated to Marietta College, Ohio, an herbarium of 15,000 specimens. These plants were gathered by her husband and herself during the past forty-five years, the collection having been made in the Ohio valley, in Missouri, Georgia, Michigan and the upper Mississippi region, and enlarged by exchanges with botanists in all lands. The sole condition of the gift is that the college shall educate Mrs. Flanner's daughters without tuition charges.

Fire in the Hubbard Block.

A fire was discovered in some rubbish in a closet under the second flight of stairs in the Hubbard Block, on the corner of Washington and Meridian streets, last night Charles Gale, who has rooms in the block, detected the smoke as he was going to bed and gave the alarm. The prompt action of the fire department prevented any material

Again Under Arrest.

Charles Sylvester and a woman claiming to be his wife were acquitted of the charge into further trouble. Sylvester is accused of procuring money by placing a chattel mortgage on a horse and buggy he had hired. He was held on a \$1,000 bond to answer in court.

A PROFOUND YOUNGSTER.

He Enlightens the Assembled Theologians by His Discovery in Profane History.

There was a convention of Sunday-school teachers in session at Crystal Lake and all the teachers of the three counties represented were there. The amount of Biblical and theological knowledge they had was something astounding. On the last day of the convention the high chief ranger of the affair announced to the 400 delegates that he would be pleased to have the knowing ones think up some hard questions on subjects pertaining to their work, write them on slips of paper, and submit them to him, and that evening at the last session, which was to be a sort of entertainment, he would answer them. A lot of people wrote their questions and gave them to the great professor, and when evening came he had about fifty good old gnarly problems in his bunch of paper slips.

The evening's exercise began with reading and answering the questions, and though some of them were from away back and very obtuse, the good man who had put himself up there as a mark coped with them successfully, and impressed the great gathering with his vast knowledge. Finally he ran against a question that made him knit his brows. He scowled at it a moment and then laid it aside. When he

answered all the rest he picked up the side tracked query, and said: "Here is a question which I confess I am unable to answer. I submit it to the audience, and if any one is able to give me the answer I will be glad to hear what it is.

Then he read this query: "Who was the boy and what was his name who held the basket containing the five loaves and two fishes which fed the multitude!"

Nobody made any effort to answer it, and the professor said: "It seems that nobody knows any more about it than I do. I will have to call on the person who submitted the question to come forward and answer it. Will you please do so?"

To the great surprise of the 400 people, and of his mother as well, Frank Jones, a thirteen-year-old school-boy, got up and modestly walked up the aisle. Everybody looked at him amazed. The professor said: "Did you submit this question?"

"Yes, sir" "Can you answer it?"

"Well, I am sure everybody will be glad to hear it." "The boy," said Frank quietly but steadiy, "Ben Ezra, son of Miriam, who was a sister of Philip, one of the twelve disci-

A murmur of astonishment ran over the audience. Here was something too deep for even the professed theologians in con vention assembled. The professor turned

"Did you find that in the Bible?" "No, sir."

"Where, then, did you get it?"
"In Greek history."

That was the cap sheaf. A lad of thir-teen bowling down 400 declared teachers in the Christian cause, and telling them in an unassuming way that he dug the informa-tion out of Greek history.

I think it will be well to give this boy room to spread himself when he becomes a

Foundlings in Russia.

According to official statements relating to the Russian foundling hospitals at St. Petersburg and Moscow, about one million newly-born children have been given over to them during the last hundred years, most of them illegitimate. Of this large number nearly eight hundred thousand have died in the first months or first years of their existence! The well-known authority on statistics, Alexander von Oettingen, who, in his "Moral Statistics," has treated of the state of things in these Russian hospitals, satirically calls it "chronischer kindermord auf Staatskosten."-"chronic infanticide at the cost of the State." It is now asserted that the Russian government intends to carry out a radical reorganization of both hospitals. Probably, says our St. Petersburg correspondent, a number of smaller foundling hospitals will be established in the provinces to take the place of the two large central hospitals, which now receive about thirty thousand infants annually.

The Opportunity Came.

Detroit Free Press. He stood in a doorway on Woodward avenue the other rainy day with an umbrell in his hand, and he seemed to be waiting for an opportunity. One soon came tripping along. She had no umbrella, and he stepped out, raised his own, and began: "Excuse me, but-"
"Oh, certainly," she laughingly ex-

claimed. "You are very, very kind. I shall always remember it. Good-bye."

And she took the umbrella from his grasp and tripped away without ever looking back, and he returned to the shelter of the doorway to exclaim: "There goes a \$5 umbrella and here stands an idiot who has been sold for a

A Wreath for Queen Nathalie.

A Vienna jeweler has received an order from a ladies' committee in Belgrade, headed by the wife of General Lyeshanine, for a wreath of gold leaves encircling a portrait of the Servian King Alexander. The wreath is to be set in diamonds, and is intended as a present for Queen Nathalie. The ribbons will bear the inscription, "In Memory of March 6, 1889," this being the date of King Alexander's accession. The value of the present will be 20,000f.

Through Trains to New York.

From date, until further notice, the Pennsylvania lines will run trains leaving Indianapolis at 4:30 A. M. and 5:10 P. M. through to Philadelphia and New York via the Allegheny Valley and Philadelphia & Erie road. This route is but little longer than the direct line, and good time will be made. Sleeping-cars will run through without H. R. DERING, A. G. P. A. Pennsylvania Lines, IndianTurners' Cincinnati Excursion.

The Social Turners, at their meeting Wednesday night, selected the C., H. & D. as the line for their excursion to the national Turner-fest, at Cincinnati. Tickets good from June 21 to 30, inclusive. Round-trip rate only \$2.50. For full particulars see the committee, or call at C., H. & D. of-

CELLULOID artificial eyes at \$3. Edmondson, optician. 10,000 to select from.

Harrisonburg, Virginia. On account of the Yearly Meeting of the German Baptist Brethren, the O., I. & W. (I., B. & W. Route) will sell excursion tickets to Harrisonburg, Va., good going on all regular trains until June 10, and good to return to July 5, 1889. This company will also run a special train through to Harrisonburg, leaving Indianapolis at 4 A. M., Saturday, June 8, arriving at Harrisonburg at 10 A. M. next day. Fare for the round trip \$15.45. For further particulars call at city ticket office, 42 Jackson Place, opposite Union Station. On account of the Yearly Meeting of the opposite Union Station.

BEST quality Moeler's artificial eyes \$2.50, at Edmondson's.

If you want a cheap trip to Cincinnati and return read the Big Four ad., on first

I AM putting in 5-8-inch extra strong lead water-pipes, for sprinkling purposes, at 25 cents per foot.

C. W. MEIKEL, 75 North Pennsylvania street. Why Has Sozodont

Become the staple dentifrice of America? Simply because it is impossible to use it, even for a week, without preceiving its hygienic effect upon the teeth, the gums and the breath.

PEARS' is the purest and best soap ever

NOT A PIMPLE ON HIM NOW. Bad with Eczema. Hair all gone. Scalp covered with eruptions. Thought his hair would never grow. Cured by Cuticura Remedies. Hair Splendid and not a pimple on him.

I cannot say enough in praise of the Cuticura Remedies. My boy, when one year of age, was so bad with eczema that he lost all of his hair. His scalp was covered with eruptions, which the doctors said was scald-head, and that his hair of forgery against them, but yesterday got | would never grow again. Despairing of a care from physicians, I began the use of the Cuticura Remedies, and I am happy to say, with the most perfect success. His hair is now splendid, and there is not a pimple on him. I recommend the Cuticura Remedies to mothers as the most speedy, economical and sure cure for all skin diseases of infants and children, and feel that every mother who has an afflicted child will thank me

MRS. M. E. WOODSUM, Norway, Me. A Fever Sore Eight Years Cured.

I must extend to you the thanks of one of my customers, who has been cured, by using the Cuticura Remedies, of an old sore, caused by a long spell of sickness or fever eight years ago. He was so bad he was fearful he would have to have his leg amputated, but is happy to say he is now entirely well—sound as a dollar. He requests me to use his name, which is H. H. Cason, me to use his place.
merchant of this place.
JOHN V. MINOR, Druggist,

Severe Scalp Disease Cured.

A few weeks ago my wife suffered very much from a cutaneous disease of the scalp, and received no relief from the various remedies she used until she tried Cuticura. The disease promptly yielded to this treatment, and in a short while she was entirely well. There has been no return of the disease, and Cuticura ranks No. 1 in our estimation for diseases of the skin. REV. J. PRESSLEY BARRETT, D. D., Kaleigh, N. C.

CUTICURA REMEDIES Are a positive cure for every form of skin, scalp and blood disease, with loss of hair, from pinples to scrofula, except possibly ichthyosis.
Sold everywhere. Price, Cuticura, 50c; Soap,
25c; Resolvent, \$1. Prepared by the POTTER

DRUG AND CHEMICAL CORPORATION, Boston. Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases," 64 pages, 50 illustrations, and 100 testimonials.



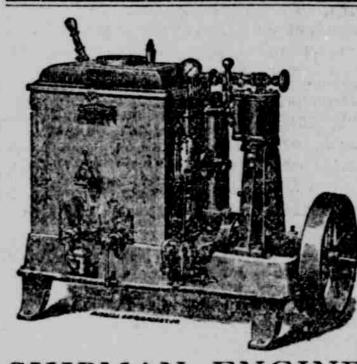
The sounding C on one of Ditson Company's famous GUITARS; BANJOS; MANDOLINS is always in unison with the restful pleasure of summer days in summer pleasant places. Don't go to a music-less house! Take with you one of our light, portable musical instruments Seasonable and most enjoyable music books are:

College Songs [50 cts.] 150,000 sold. College Songs [50 cts.] 150,000 sold.
College Songs for Banjo, [\$1] Guitar [\$1.]
Good Old Songs we Used to Sing, [\$1.]
Praise in Song, [40 cts.] New Gospel Songs.
Temperance Rallying Songs, [35 cts.]
Song Harmony, [60 cts.] Fine 4 part song.
Popular Song Collection, [\$1] 37 good songs.
Song Classics, [\$1] 50 high-class songs.
Song Classics, Alto Voice, [\$1] 47 songs.
Classic Tenor Songs, [\$1] 36 songs.
Classic Baritone or Bass Songs, [\$1] 33 songs.
Choice Vocal Duets, [\$1.] The newest.
Popular Dance Music Collection, [\$1.]
Popular Piano Collection, [\$1] 27 pieces.
Classical Pianist, [\$1] 42 pieces.

Piano Classics, [\$1] 44 pieces. Also music in quantity and variety for all instru-ments. Send for catalogue, free.

Any Book or Piece mailed for Retail Price.

Oliver Ditson Company, Boston C. H. DITSON & CO., 678 Broadway, New York.



SHIPMAN ENGINE, One to six-horse power, and can be run with Driven Wells, Gas and Steam Supplies, Nickle Plating.

R. R. ROUSE, Nos. 31 & 33 West Maryland St.

# Take

The Chief Reason for the great success of Hood & Sarsaparilla is found in the fact that Merit Wins. It is the best blood purifier and actually accompaishes at that is claimed for it. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

THE PARK THEATER

AMUSEMENTS.

The only place of amusement open in the city. Last week of the season

SPECIAL ENGAGEMENT OF MR.

Supported by MISS EDNA EARLIE and a strong company.

INGOMAR."

This afternoon and evening.

Special scenery, fine costumes, magnificent ef-

Performances second to none. No advance in prices. Secure seats in advance.

ENGLISH'S OPERA-HOUSE One Week, commencing Monday, June 10,

CARNIVAL OF NATIONS. National Dances by over two hundred ladies, gen-tlemen and children, in costume.

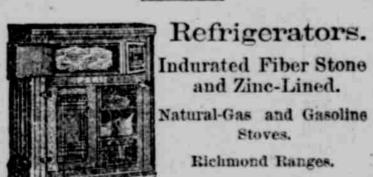
Reserved Seats—50 cents, 75 cents and \$1. General Admission—50 and 75 cents.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE on and after Thursday,

Base Ball at Indianapolis Ball Park EASTERNS vs. DALTONS, SATURDAY, JUNE 8. Admission—20c; pavilion, 30c; box-seats, 50c. Game called at 4 p. m.

# MANTLES, GRATES

TILE-HEARTHS.



L. FRANKEM, SOLE AGENT, 62 E. WASHINGTON ST.

SECOND ADVERTISEMENT. STATE OF INDIANA. DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION, INDIANAPOLIS, April 22, 1889. Notice is hereby given that sealed proposals will be Notice is hereby given that sealed proposals will be received from publishers, authors or compilers, by the State Board of Education of Indiana, to furnish textbooks to the school trustees of the State of Indiana, for use in the common schools of said State, for a period of five years, as provided by a law passed by the General Assembly of Indiana on the 25th day of February, 1889. Such bids will be opened on the 1st day of Indiana on the 1st day of July, 1889, at 3 p. m., at the office of the Superintendent of Public Instruction, in the city of Indianapolis, Ind., said board reserving the right to reject any or all bids. A copy of said law, and of blanks for proposals, contracts, bonds, affidavits, etc., will be furnished to prospective bidders upon application to said

HARVEY M. LA FOLLETTE, President. L. H. JONES, Secretary.

INSURANCE DIRECTORY

HENRY COE Fire Insurance Agency
13 Martindale Block.

HOLLAND, CHAS. A. : : : : 92 East Market
Pacific Mutual Life and Accident.

LEONARD, JOHN R. : : : : Ætna Building
The Ætna. The Atna.

The North British and Mercantile, of London.

SUDLOW & MARSH, Managers, 901-2 E. Market st.
for Indiana, Ohio, Kentucky, Tennessee and West
Virginia for the Provident Savings Life Assurance
Society of New York Sheppard Homans's plan of
pure life insurance, unmixed with banking, a
specialty.

HOTEL ENGLISH, Best hotel building in Indianapolis. One of the best kept hotels for the prices charged in the country.

Rate for transient \$2 per day. Very favorable rates
given regular customers. Good location, rooms, bath,
elevator and all modern conveniences.

SUMMER RESORTS.

CAPON SPRINGS AND BATHS,
HAMPSHIRE COUNTY, W. VA.
ALKALINE LITHIA WATER, also SUPERIOR IRON AND FREESTONE WATERS. Baths of ANY TEMPERATURE. LARGEST SWIMMING POOL OF ALKALINE LITHIA WATER in the world. SUPERB SUMMER CLIMATE. Here is where the SICK RECOVER and the WELL ARE ALWAYS HAPPY. Send for Pamphlets and secure rooms.

W. H. SALE, Proprietor.

NOTICE.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., June 5, 1889. The regular annual meeting of the stockholders of the Indiana Electric Service Company (which should have been held April 18, 1889), will be held Monday, June 17, 1889, at 4:30 o'clock p. m., at the office of the company, room 19, Kenyon Building, Louisville, Ky., for the election of directors to serve out the current year, and for any other business that can properly come before the meeting.

J. W. HENNING, Secretary and Treasurer.

# The Only Good and Durable Paint Is Strictly Pure White Lead.

DANIEL STEWART, Indianapolis. Ind



DAVIS-CHAMBERS LEAD CO.'S

GREEN SEAL BRAND

IS STRICTLY PURE, and UNEQUALED FOR Whiteness, Fineness, and Body.

PITTSBURGH, PA.

FOR SALE BY ALL PAINT DEALERS.

NATURE'S OWN CURE FOR Sleeplessness, Nervousness, and General Debility of the System. Gives Health,

Vigor and Refreshing Sleep. For sale by J. G. Mueller, cor. Washington and East sts.; T. W. Zell, 100 East Market at.; Morrison 4 Fetters, 199 South East street, and Geo. W. Sloan, 22 West Washington street.